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## *Dynamic Coalition on Gender and Internet Governance*

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### **1. SDG to which your DC work is most strongly related to**

- GOAL 5: Gender Equality

### **2. Outline achievements of your DC in regard to that SDG**

The DC on Gender and Internet Governance has been bringing out yearly reports on the Gender Report Cards to assess gender parity among speakers, moderators, and participants at the global IGF, and the relevance of gender as a topic at the sessions. A retrospective analysis of the performance of the Gender Report Cards as a mechanism for the same was also presented at the 2018 IGF. This analysis report will be peer reviewed and the results of the Gender Report Cards from the 2018 IGF will be incorporated into the same.

The DC on Gender and Internet Governance has drafted a Sexual Harassment Policy for IGF and IGF related spaces. Steps to implement the same are in the works currently.

In July 2019, we co-moderated a capacity building session on gender and internet governance at the 2019 APrIGF in Vladivostok. This was an important intervention pertinent to that particular space.

### **3. Outline plans towards 2025 and that specific SDG**

The SDG works towards 'the empowerment of women and girls'. We want to develop this beyond binary constructions of man-woman and amplify perspectives from queer and trans persons.

In relation to the IGF, this would mean expanding our concept and understanding of gender in policy discussions and especially the Gender Report Cards. The challenge is to achieve inclusivity while safeguarding consent and the right to anonymity in the broader internet governance discourse.

A more short-term goal would be to implement a sexual harassment policy in all the national, regional, and global IGF spaces, both online and offline.

### **4. List Policy Question related to the work of your DC and in regard to the specific SDG**

1. What are/should be the rights and responsibilities for individuals in determining the use of their personal data, and what right do individuals have to determine their own digital identity?

2. How do we ensure that Internet governance processes are truly inclusive? What needs to be done to enhance the capacity of different actors (and especially those in developing

and least-developed countries) to actively contribute to such processes and whose responsibility is it?

3. What are adequate techniques or technologies to fight all forms of online harassment including sexual harassment?